

Modal expressions (C1) – Answer Key

Ex. 1 Complete the sentences with ‘be supposed to’ in the correct form.

1. **Are you supposed to help** (you / help) your little sister with her homework every day?
2. They **were supposed to arrive** (arrive) before noon yesterday.
3. Peter **is supposed to vacuum** (vacuum) the carpets tomorrow.
4. We **were supposed to book** (book) rooms in advance but we forgot to do it.
5. He **was supposed to go** (go) to the theatre but he got an important call and had to stay longer at work.
6. She **is supposed to meet** (meet) with Jack next Friday.
7. We **are supposed to pick up** (pick up) our aunt at the airport today.
8. Chris **was supposed to apologise** (apologise) to his sister for his bad behaviour yesterday.

Ex. 2 Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first, using the word given in brackets.

1. Alice shouldn't eat pizza because it's fatty and unhealthy. (*meant*)
Alice isn't meant to eat pizza because it's fatty and unhealthy.
2. You mustn't leave your baggage unattended. (*allowed*)
You aren't allowed to leave your baggage unattended.
3. Mark should be doing his homework, but he's playing computer games. (*supposed*)
Mark is supposed to be doing his homework, but he's playing computer games.
4. It's possible that we will go skiing next week because weather conditions will be favourable. (*likely*)
We are likely to go skiing next week because weather conditions will be favourable.
It's likely that we will go skiing next week ...
5. All citizens must comply with the law. (*obliged*)
All citizens are obliged to comply with the law.
6. Diane should be on a diet. (*supposed*)
Diane is supposed to be on a diet.
7. My wedding will definitely be an unforgettable event. (*certain*)
My wedding is certain to be an unforgettable event.
8. Peter won't probably ask Lucy out. He isn't fond of her. (*unlikely*)
It's unlikely that Peter will ask Lucy out. He isn't fond of her.
9. I'm sure they will get a mortgage as they are in good financial condition. (*bound*)
They are bound to get a mortgage as they are in good financial condition.
10. You have to deliver all necessary documents by the end of the week. (*required*)
You are required to deliver all necessary documents by the end of the week.

Ex. 3 Translate the following sentences into English. Use the words given in brackets.

1. Nie wolno ci jeść niezdrowego jedzenia. (*allowed*) – You aren't allowed to eat **unhealthy food**.
2. Lucy z pewnością zda egzamin na prawo jazdy. (*bound*) – Lucy is bound to pass her **driving test**.
3. Powinniśmy słuchać nauczyciela. (*meant*) – We are meant to listen to the teacher.
4. Adamowi udało się ukończyć uniwersytet. (*succeed*) – Adam succeeded in **graduating from university**.
5. Dzieciom nie wolno wchodzić do mojego pokoju. (*forbidden*) – Children are **forbidden to come into my room**.
6. Uczniowie mają zakaz używania telefonów komórkowych. (*banned*) – Students are **banned from using mobile phones**.
7. Od turystów wymaga się przestrzegania zasad. (*required*) – Tourists are **required to follow / obey the rules**.
8. Susan udało się dostać nową pracę. (*manage*) – Susan **managed to get a new job**.
9. Jest prawdopodobne, że Thomas i Christina pobiorą się. (*likely*) – **It is likely that Thomas and Christina will get married**.
Thomas and Christina are likely to get married.
10. Powinieneś się nauczyć do sprawdzianu wczoraj. (*supposed*) – You were **supposed to learn for the test yesterday**.
11. Byliśmy zobowiązani do opłacenia wycieczki. (*obliged*) – We were **obliged to pay for a trip**.
12. Czy będziesz w stanie mi pomóc jutro? (*able*) – **Will you be able to help me tomorrow?**
13. Julie nie wolno sprzedawać lemoniady. (*permitted*) – Julie **isn't permitted to sell lemonade**.
14. David z pewnością przyjdzie na twoje przyjęcie urodzinowe. (*sure*) – David is **sure to come to your birthday party**.
15. Chris nie był w stanie powstrzymać płaczu. (*unable*) – Chris was **unable to stop crying**.

Ex. 4 Write sentences with similar meanings. Use the words in brackets.

1. You mustn't enter this building. ⇒ You **are banned from entering** this building. (*banned*)
2. Every passenger has to have a valid ticket and ID. ⇒ Every passenger **is required to have** a valid ticket and ID. (*required*)
3. When we were kids we weren't allowed to eat crisps and burgers. ⇒ When we were kids we **weren't permitted to eat** crisps and burgers. (*permitted*)
4. I'm sure Rick and Lucy are happy together. ⇒ Rick and Lucy **are bound to be** happy together. (*bound*)
5. Can you sleep over at Cathy's house tonight? ⇒ **Are you allowed to** sleep over at Cathy's house tonight? (*allowed*)
6. The bus should depart at 9.30 pm. ⇒ The bus **is due to depart** at 9.30 pm. (*due*)
7. I was going to do the shopping. ⇒ I **was about to do** the shopping. (*about*)
8. I believe he will manage to beat his opponent. ⇒ I believe he will **succeed in beating** his opponent. (*succeed*)
9. Luke probably won't show up at the party. ⇒ Luke **is unlikely to show up** at the party. (*unlikely*)
10. I was about to burst out laughing. ⇒ I **was on the point of bursting out** laughing. (*point*)

Ex. 5 Rewrite the sentences using the **bold** words.

1. She was about to hand in her notice.

POINT She **was on the point of handing in** her notice.

2. You mustn't go out without my permission.

FROM You **are banned / forbidden from going out** without my permission.

3. Peter shouldn't have been there.

SUPPOSED Peter **wasn't supposed to be** there.

4. I had to finish this project by noon.

DUE I **was due to finish** this project by noon.

5. It is possible that Margaret will visit us today.

LIKELY Margaret **is likely to visit** us today.

6. Allison can play console games for two hours every Saturday.

PERMITTED Allison **is permitted to play** console games for two hours every Saturday.

7. We are ready to start a lecture.

SET We **are set to start** a lecture.

8. I think I will get a promotion.

SUCCEED I think I **will succeed in getting** a promotion.

9. Children mustn't use mobile phones at the camp.

ALLOWED Children **aren't allowed to use** mobile phones at the camp.

10. Mark couldn't find his wallet yesterday evening.

ABLE Mark **wasn't able to find** his wallet yesterday evening.