

Zasady pisowni w języku angielskim – Ćwiczenia

Zad. 1 Uzupełnij zdania poprawnymi formami czasowników podanych w nawiasach w czasie **Present Continuous**.

1. Children (play) football in the backyard.
2. I (have) a great time with my friends.
3. My mum (prepare) a delicious meal.
4. Rita (run) in the park.
5. What you (say) doesn't make any sense.
6. Stephen (lie) on a couch.
7. We (sit) and (chat).
8. I (write) an interesting article.
9. It (get) dark and cold. It's time to go home.
10. He (die) from cancer.
11. They (swim) in the ocean.
12. We (drive) to Warsaw right now.
13. My sister (make) a chocolate cake.
14. They (stop) to drink some coffee and grab something to eat.
15. My classmates (study) for History exam.

Zad. 2 Wpisz w luki poprawne formy czasowników podanych w nawiasach w czasie **Present Simple**.

1. Peter (study) hard.
2. She (go) to the swimming pool every Friday.
3. Adam (try) to learn Chinese.
4. He (have) three sisters and one brother.
5. Simon (teach) History and Civics.
6. She always (do) her homework after school.
7. He (finish) his job at 5 pm.
8. Olivia (fly) to New York twice a year.
9. Matthew (fix) cars at weekends.
10. She often (buy) fresh fruit and vegetables at the market.
11. He sometimes (go) to the gym.
12. My son (play) basketball on Tuesdays and Thursdays.
13. Lucas never (watch) television.
14. She seldom (handwash) her dresses.
15. That coat (cost) a fortune.

Zad. 3 Uzupełnij zdania poprawnymi formami czasowników w czasie **Past Simple**.

1. I (enjoy) his birthday party a lot.
2. We (stay) in a five-star hotel.
3. They (play) cards yesterday.
4. I (hurry) because I didn't want to be late for a meeting.
5. They (start) eating earlier last night.
6. A hurricane (destroy) many houses in the neighbourhood.
7. Julie (plan) to split up with Jason.
8. Adam (prefer) not to see his ex-girlfriend at the party.
9. We (visit) our aunt in Hamptons last Friday.
10. I (stop) eating junk food and salty snacks.
11. Peter (try) to find a better-paid job, but he didn't succeed.
12. He (marry) a lovely girl last year.
13. We (travel) across Italy last summer.
14. I (study) really hard last term.
15. He (promise) to buy me a gift.

Zad. 4 Uzupełnij zdania rzeczownikami podanymi w nawiasach w **liczbie mnogiej**.

1. How many (dress) does Alice have?
2. There are many (lorry) in the car park.
3. The (boy) are very naughty today.
4. I need to buy some (radish) and (peach).
5. In the forest there are (wolf) and (fox).
6. (puppy) are adorable.
7. Christina is fond of (baby).
8. Luxurious (watch) are very costly.
9. I've forgotten my car (key).
10. He had three (wife).
11. I need three (loaf) of bread to make sandwiches for children in school.
12. What do you keep in all those (box)?
13. How many (tray) are you going to buy?
14. The police arrested three (thief) last night.
15. Our teacher brought ten (dictionary) for us.

Zad. 5 Uzupełnij zdania **przysłówkami** utworzonymi od przymiotników podanych w nawiasach.

1. Peter looked at me (angry).
2. I like being (financial) independent.
3. The whole situation ended (tragic).
4. A naughty boy was behaving (bad).
5. It was raining (heavy) when we met at the train station.
6. I will (probable) break up with Jason.
7. I'm (terrible) sorry for what I said.
8. Some people worked in the factory (illegal).
9. Lucy learns new English words (easy).
10. He was eating his dinner (hungry).
11. Things were changing (dramatic).
12. She was singing her favourite song (happy).
13. He was trying to reach his wife (frantic).
14. (lucky), nobody was seriously injured in the accident.
15. We were sitting (comfortable) in our cozy armchairs.

Zad. 6 Uzupełnij zdania **przymiotnikami w stopniu wyższym** (*comparative*) lub **najwyższym** (*superlative*).

1. Lucy is (slim) in our class.
2. This bag is (heavy) than that one.
3. She is (happy) girl in the world.
4. Adam is (lazy) than David.
5. My cat is (fat) than yours.
6. Who is (busy) person in your company?
7. Our teacher chose (easy) task from our workbook.
8. A mouse is (small) than a cat.
9. This dog is (ugly) I have ever seen.
10. In his opinion his wife is (pretty) woman in the world.
11. Luke is (strong) than Philip.
12. (hot) days of the year were in July.

Zad. 7 Utwórz nowe wyrazy od podanych poniżej według poszczególnych zasad:

A) 3 os. 1. poj. w Present Simple

1. enjoy –
2. say –
3. miss –
4. hurry –
5. lose –
6. pay –
7. catch –
8. throw –
9. pass –
10. mix –

B) końcówka –ing

1. jog –
2. come –
3. put –
4. tie –
5. dance –
6. get –
7. enjoy –
8. begin –
9. wait –
10. prefer –

C) Past Simple

1. copy –
2. die –
3. chat –
4. need –
5. climb –
6. rain –
7. phone –
8. arrive –
9. open –
10. watch –

D) liczba mnoga

1. city –
2. day –
3. family –
4. octopus –
5. scarf –
6. church –
7. story –
8. calf –
9. monkey –
10. leaf –

E) przysłówek

1. wonderful –
2. clumsy –
3. artistic –
4. dangerous –
5. careful –
6. nice –
7. incredible –
8. unnecessary –
9. quick –
10. reasonable –

F) przymiotnik w stopniu wyższym

1. tall –
2. lucky –
3. rich –
4. angry –
5. poor –
6. empty –
7. thin –
8. wet –
9. late –
10. new –